M the

The Archaeological Sites and Monuments of Scotland

20

Rhum

Lochaber District Highland Region The Archaeological Sites and Monuments of Scotland, 20 RHUM
Lochaber District
Highland Region

The items included in this list of sites and monuments range in period from prehistoric burial-cairns and forts to deserted farmsteads of comparatively recent date. The following categories have been omitted from the list: buildings eligible for listing by the Scottish Development Department as buildings of special architectural or historic interest under the Town and Country Planning Acts (Scotland); buildings in towns; roads, railways and canals; most structures of 19th-century and later date.

The earliest sites on Rhum date from the Bronze Age, and of special interest is an extensive bloodstone knapping-floor at Kinloch (no. 11). Monuments of Iron Age date are restricted to three forts, two of which (nos. 5 and 7) are new discoveries, and it is surprising that no brochs or duns appear to have been built on the island. The medieval and post-medieval periods are characterised by the townships and farmsteads, and their associated cultivation remains and shieling sites, deserted during the clearances of 1826 and 1828. In 1772 Thomas Pennant (1774) noted nine 'little hamlets' on the island, probably the same nine depicted on Langland's Map of Argyllshire in 1801, and with the exception of Kinloch, where the later castle and village have obscured any traces of earlier settlement, remains of all of these can be identified (nos. 18, 19, 22, 25, 27, 30, 41, 45). Of particular interest are the well-preserved townships of Kilmory and Harris. The large number of shielings clearly represent a long period of activity, and on several sites shieling mounds have been formed by the construction of successive huts upon the same site. The shielings have been recorded in some detail by Love (1981) who identifies three types of hut (cellular, chambered and rectangular), and suggests that generally the cellular huts may be earlier and that the rectangular huts probably appear at a relatively

This list has been prepared by Messrs P Corser, I Fisher, S P Halliday and J B Stevenson, and edited by Mr A MacLaren.

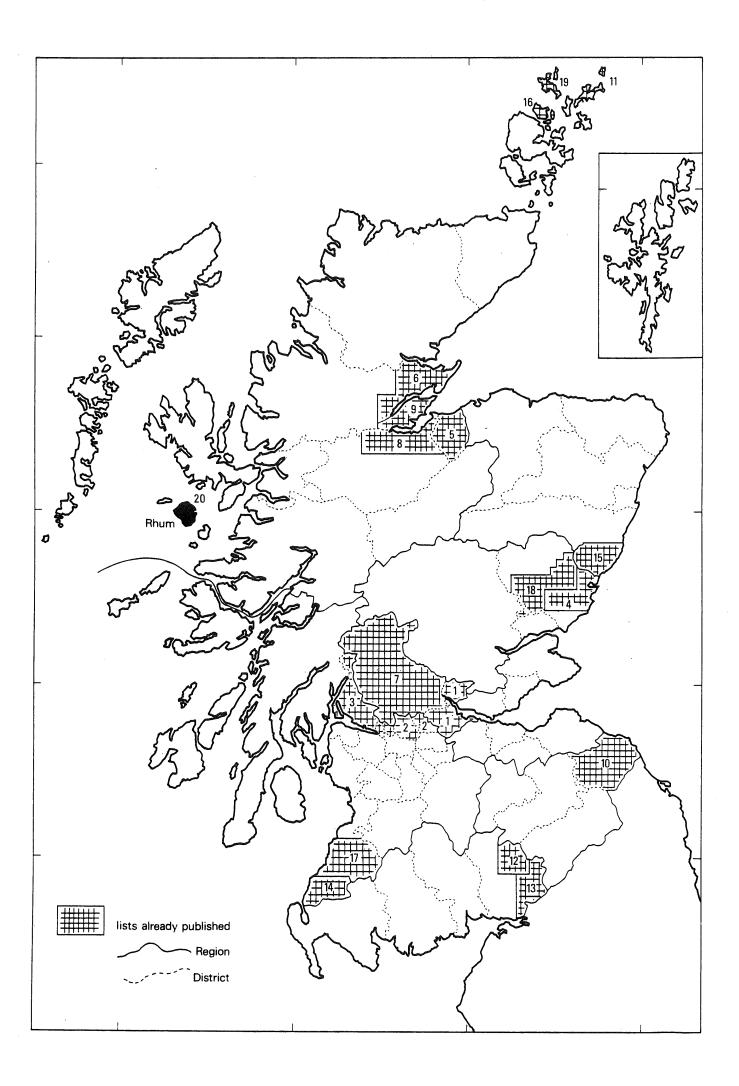
The Survey was undertaken at the invitation of the Nature Conservancy Council, and the Commissioners would like to thank members of the Conservancy's staff, and other research workers on the island, for their help and encouragement during the course of the project, in particular Mr L Johnston, Mr J A Love, and the Hon. F Guinness. The Commissioners are also indebted to Miss M Harman, who assisted with the fieldwork, and to Miss C R Wickham-Jones, who has reported on the bloodstone and flint objects found in the Kinloch area.

Highland Regional Council provides a free advisory and informational service to the public on any matter relating to ancient monuments or artefacts throughout the Region. For assistance, contact Robert Gourlay, Highland Regional Archaeologist, Department of Libraries and Leisure Services, Regional Buildings, Glenurquhart Road, Inverness IV3 5NX, Tel: (0463) 234121.

The Ancient Monuments Branch, Scottish Development Department, 3-11 Melville Street, Edinburgh EH3 7QD (031-226 2570) will be happy to advise on archaeological sites affected by planning proposals.

The Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland 54 Melville Street Edinburgh EH3 7HF (031-225 5994)

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ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES AND MONUMENTS SERIES

- Clackmannan District and Falkirk District Central Region, 1978
- 2 Cumbernauld & Kilsyth District and Strathkelvin District, Strathclyde Region, 1978; revised edition 1982
- 3 Dumbarton District, Clydebank District, Bearsden & Milngavie District, Strathclyde Region, 1978
- 4 Lunan Valley and the Montrose Basin, Angus District, Tayside Region, 1978
- 5 Nairn District, Highland Region, 1978
- 6 Easter Ross, Ross & Cromarty District, Highland Region, 1979
- 7 Stirling District, Central Region, 1979
- 8 North-east Inverness, Inverness District, Highland Region, 1979
- 9 The Black Isle, Ross & Cromarty District, Highland Region, 1979
- 10 Berwickshire District, Borders Region, 1980
- 11 Sanday and North Ronaldsay, Orkney (compiled by R G Lamb), 1980
- 12 Upper Eskdale, Annandale & Eskdale District, Dumfries & Galloway Region, 1980
- 13 Ewesdale and Lower Eskdale, Annandale & Eskdale District, Dumfries & Galloway Region, 1981
- 14 South Carrick, Kyle & Carrick District, Strathclyde Region, 1981
- 15 South Kincardine, Kincardine & Deeside District, Grampian Region, 1982
- 16 Rousay, Egilsay and Wyre, Orkney Islands Area (compiled by R G Lamb), 1982
- 17 North Carrick, Kyle & Carrick District, Strathclyde Region, 1983
- 18 Central Angus, Angus District Tayside Region (compiled by J R Sherriff), 1983
- 19 Papa Westray and Westray, Orkney Islands Area (compiled by R G Lamb), 1983
- 20 Rhum, Lochaber District, Highland Region, 1983

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NOTES

Sites with this sign following the name -

- † are destroyed
- + are not visible, but may yield valuable information through archaeological excavation.
- * are given statutory protection under the Ancient Monuments Act of 1979. Each entry is prefaced by a district serial number, name, National Grid Reference and 1:10000 or 1:10560 map number followed by the serial number of the Ordnance Survey Record Card (now housed at the National Monuments Record of Scotland). Additional material including information about any sites that may be discovered after the publication of the list. may be consulted in The National Monuments Record of Scotland 6-7 Coates Place

Edinburgh EH3 7AA

CAIRNS

1 A'Bhrideanach

NM 298 992

NM 29 NE

This cairn is situated at the head of the cliffs to the S of A'Bhrideanach; it measures 5.5m in diameter by 0.5m in height. *May 1983*

2 Guirdil

NG 322 014

NG 30 SW 4

The remains of what is probably a cairn are situated on a knoll (94m OD) about 310m ENE of Guirdil bothy. The mound of stones measures about 9m in diameter by 0.4m in height and the top has been disturbed by the erection of a hut. *May 1983*

3 Harris

NM 34 95

NM 39 NW 3 & 4

Situated on the raised storm-beach SW of Harris there are five stony mounds.

- (1) NM 3419 9553. This cairn sits on the forward edge of the raised beach; it measures 11.5m in diameter by 0.9m in height and is surmounted by a modern cairn.
- (2) NM 3419 9559. About 60m NNW of (1) there is a mound of stones 7.1m in diameter and 0.6m high.
- (3) NM 3412 9562. About 110m NW of (1) there is a stony mound 6.5m in diameter by 0.5m high which is surrounded by a ditch-like hollow. The mound sits on the line of a field-bank which runs for a short distance to the NE and SW.
- (4) NM 3407 9568. About 40m WNW of a recent fank there is a stony mound 3.5m in diameter and 0.4m high; it is surrounded by a slight hollow which appears to cut through the crest of the adjacent rig.
- (5) NM 3403 9569. Some 35m WNW of (4) there is a stony mound 6m in diameter by 0.3m high; it is surrounded by a slight hollow.

The date and purpose of these mounds are uncertain; some may be prehistoric burialcairns while others may be clearance heaps. *May 1983 DES (1967)*, 28.

4 Kilmory

NG 357 041

NG 30 SE 4

A cairn, measuring 8m in diameter by 1.1m in height, is situated on a coastal promontory 240m N of Kilmory Lodge. *May 1983*

FORTS

5 Kilmory

NG 350 042

NG 30 SE

This fort occupies a precipitous coastal promontory 740m WNW of Kilmory Lodge. The neck of the promontory, which is only 9.5m broad, is cut off by a wall about 3.8m thick, and the interior measures 25m from N to S by 12m transversely. *May 1983*

6 Shellesder

NG 326 020

NG 30 SW 1

This fort is situated on a rocky promontory overlooking the mouth of the Shellesder Burn from the N. It measures about 44m from N to S by 30m transversely within an arc of walling which cuts across the neck of the promontory. The wall is at least 3.4m thick with several stretches of outer facing-stones standing to a maximum height of 1m in five courses. The entrance (0.85m wide) lies on the SW; four stones of the NE and one of the SW side of the passage are still in situ. On the W of the interior there is an oval enclosure measuring 5.3m by 5m within a wall 1m thick, with an entrance on the E. Outside the fort an irregular stony bank crosses the promontory, but it is not clear whether it forms an outwork to the fort or is a later enclosure. Situated in the enclosure there is a hut, and a second lies on the bank. May 1983 DES (1967), 28.

7 Papadi

NM 361 919

NM 39 SE

There are the remains of what has probably been a fort on a rocky ridge overlooking the sea about 450m SW of Papadil Lodge. A single wall crosses the NE end of the ridge and it continues intermittently down the SE flank to take in a sloping grassy terrace on the E. The wall is up to 2.5m thick and 0.3m high with stretches of the outer face visible on the NE; there are two entrances, situated on the NE and E respectively. May 1983

IMPLEMENT SCATTERS AND MIDDENS, ETC.

8 Bàgh na h-Uamha

NM 422 974

NM 49 NW 1

Situated 7.5m above the shore about 180m ENE of the settlement no. 18, there is a broad but shallow cave. Its floor is covered by a midden-deposit which contains marine shells, animal and bird bones, and pottery of Iron Age or later date. A 'Norse' playing-piece of cetacean bone (NMAS NS 92) is reported to have been found in this cave. May 1983

9 Bloodstone Hill

NG 315 007

NG 30 SW 3

Although the primary outcrop of bloodstone occurs on the precipitous N slopes of Creag nam Stardean (Bloodstone Hill), fragments of bloodstone form a significant fraction of the beach pebbles in Guirdil Bay. Secondary deposits, such as this, may have been the principal source of supply for prehistoric man. The main outcrop was quarried commercially for a short period in the nineteenth century. *May 1983* Ritchie 1968, 117-21.

10 Camas Pliasgaig +

NG c. 400 024

NG 40 SW 2

In 1975 flakes of bloodstone, agate and flint were found during forestry ploughing; the finds are in NMAS.

PSAS, 106 (1974-5), 229, no. 5.

11 Kinloch +

NM 403 998

NM 49 NW

A considerable quantity of flaked bloodstone (including a barbed-and-tanged arrowhead) and a small amount of flintwork, which was found in a ploughed field 350m NE of Kinloch Castle, probably indicates the site of a knapping-floor. *June 1983*

12 Rubha nam Feannag +

NG c. 416 002

NG 40 SW

Fragments of worked bloodstone were found at Rubha nam Feannag during forestry ploughing.

Bates 1977.

13 Samhnan Insir 1 +

NG 377 043

NG 30 SE 2

Artefacts ranging in date from prehistoric to modern have been found in a sandy hollow in the raised beach about 100m WNW of the shepherd's cottage at Samhnan Insir. The finds include a bloodstone barbed-and-tanged arrowhead (NMAS AD 2337), flakes of bloodstone and flint, and fragments of what is probably later prehistoric pottery. Another barbed-and-tanged arrowhead (NMAS AD 2347), together with several chips of bloodstone have been found in the sand-dunes at Samhnan Insir. *May 1983 DES (1967)*, 29; Clarke 1968, 187-8; *PSAS*, 103 (1970-1), 243, nos. 12-13.

14 Samhnan Insir 2 +

NG 377 045

NG 30 SE

In 1976 bloodstone chippings were found in the S bank of an unnamed stream about 150m NW of no. 13.

Bates 1977, 10.

15 Shellesder

NG 327 020

NG 30 SW

There is a midden in a cave at the back of the bay immediately ENE of the fort no. 6. It contains limpet and winkle shells, and the bones of a seal. *May 1983*

ECCLESIASTICAL MONUMENTS

16 Bàgh na h-Uamha

NM 421 973

NM 49 NW 2

A pillar-stone of triangular section 1.3m high bearing an incised equal-armed cross with forked terminals on a short pedestal, probably of 7th-century date, was discovered on the beach in 1977 and has been re-erected at the head of the shore. *May 1983* Love 1983, 4, 5.

17 Kilmory, Burial-ground and Cross *

NG 361 036

NG 30 SE 1

A raised D-shaped enclosure (14.5m by 12.2m internally and revetted by a drystone wall) lies among the buildings of the deserted township no. 30. The earliest inscribed monument is of early 19th-century date, but a 7th- or 8th-century cross-marked pillar 1.6m long lies in the enclosure. It is carved in shallow relief on one face with a long-shafted four-petalled 'marigold' cross surmounted by an incised Latin cross, and on the other face with a sunken Latin cross. There are no visible remains of a chapel (the building recorded by RCAMS in 1925 is part of the township) although a chapel on Rhum is mentioned by Martin Martin at the end of the 17th century. *June 1983* RCAMS 1928, pp. 219-20, No. 687; Martin 1934, 299; Love 1983, 4, 5.

TOWNSHIPS AND FARMSTEADS

18 Bàgh na h-Uamha

NM 420 973

NM 49 NW

The settlement at Bagh na h-Uamha comprises six rectangular buildings adjacent to an area of rig-and-furrow cultivation. The buildings vary in size from 8m by 3m to 4.4m by 2.1m internally, and one overlies the remains of an earlier building. It is probably one of the 'little hamlets' noted by Pennant in 1772 and is depicted as 'Cove' on the maps of Langlands and Thomson. May 1983

Pennant 1774, 278; Langlands 1801; Thomson 1824.

19 Camas Pliasgaig

NG 402 023

NG 40 SW

The settlement of Camas Pliasgaig comprises the remains of seven rectangular buildings situated on a spur between two small streams; an eighth building lies on the shore, 70m to the NE. The buildings vary in size from 3.2m by 1.8m to 9.3m by 3.7m internally. Around the settlement, particularly on the W, there are traces of rig-and-furrow cultivation. It is probably one of the 'little hamlets' noted by Pennant in 1772 and appears on the maps of Langlands and Thomson, *May 1983* Pennant 1774, 278; Langlands 1801; Thomson 1824.

20 Carn an Dobhrain Bhig

NM 414 990

NM 49 NW

Three well-preserved buildings are situated amongst trees on the S side of Loch Scresort 530m E of Kinloch schoolhouse. The largest measures 10.1m by 4m within a wall 1m thick and 1.6m high. The other two, which both show evidence of reconstruction, may originally have formed one building measuring 8m by 3.3m internally. About 60m to the SSW there is another small building; and 100m to the WSW two others, which show evidence of several periods of construction but were still roofed in 1877. *June 1983* OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

21 Carn an Dobhrain Mhóir

NM 417 988

NM 49 NW

A group of four rectangular buildings is situated on the S side of Loch Scresort at Carn an Dobhrain Mhóir; the largest measures 12.7m by 3.6m within walls standing up to 1.3m in height; the others vary in size from 5.6m by 2.6m to 7m by 3.5m internally. *May 1983*

OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

22 Dibidil

NM 392 927

NM 39 SE

Two heavily robbed buildings are situated midway between Dibidil bothy and the old sheepfold to the NNW; both measure about 6.6m by 3.2m over wall-footings 1.3m thick. The buildings probably form at least a part of the pre-clearance settlement of Dibidil, although the maps of Langlands and Thomson depict that settlement on the N side of Dibidil River, where no remains are now visible. *May 1983* Langlands 1801; Thomson 1824.

23 Glac Mhor, Samhnan Insir

NG 373 043

NG 30 SE

Occupying a terrace on the N side of an unnamed stream 450m W of Samhnan Insir, there is an abandoned farmstead comprising three buildings and an enclosure. The W building is a roofless 19th-century cottage. The central building is a drystone cottage with rounded outer angles measuring 8.3m by 3.7m within a wall 1m thick and up to 1.5m high; the doorway is on the S. The remaining cottage is of drystone construction with rounded angles and measures 7m by 3.2m within a wall 1.1m thick and up to 1.6m high; there is a buttress on the W end. The doorway is in the E half of the S wall and it is flanked by a single window on each side. There is an aumbry in the E gable, and on the N wall five cruck-slots can be seen about 1m above the present floor level. *May 1983* OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

24 Glen Shellesder

NG 330 019

NG 30 SW

On the N side of Glen Shellesder, 300m inland, there are the remains of two rectangular buildings set about 50m apart and measuring respectively 7.5m by 2.9m and 4.5m by 2.2m internally. About 100m to the ESE there are a further two buildings, set 20m apart and measuring 5m by 2.4m and 2.6m by 2.2m internally. May 1983

25 Guirdil 1

NG 318 011

IG 30 SV

The remains of five rectangular buildings, varying in size from at least 8m by 3m to 4.5m by 2m within turf-covered stone wall-footings, are situated on the SW side of Glen Guirdil, 200m SW of the ruinous cottages on the shore. There are extensive traces of rigand-furrow cultivation on the lower slopes of the glen. This is probably one of the 'little hamlets' noted by Pennant in 1772 and is depicted on Langlands's map in 1801; it may have been abandoned by 1824, when Thomson's map places Guirdil on the NE side of the river (see no. 26). *May 1983*

Pennant 1774, 278; Langlands 1801; Thomson 1824.

26 Guirdil 2

NG 320 013

NG 30 SW

On the shore at Guirdil there are two ruinous cottages and, in the adjoining fank, traces of what may be the wall-footings of a rectangular building. Of the two cottages, that on the NE is earlier, possibly built between 1801 and 1824 (see no. 25), while the other is probably a later shepherd's cottage. A third cottage is in use as a bothy. *May 1983* Langlands 1801; Thomson 1824; OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet Ix; Love 1983, 21.

27 Harris 1

NM 338 959

NM 39 NW

The township of Harris comprises thirty-seven buildings ranging in size from 12.9m by 4.6m to 3.4m by 2.2m, although the majority are between 5m and 10m in length and between 2.5m and 4m in width between thick drystone walls. Whilst many of the buildings probably relate to the immediately pre-clearance period, at least five are earlier and others may be so (see also no. 28). Around the township its fields of rig-and-furrow cultivation remain largely undisturbed by later activity. Harris may be the settlement named 'Kaming' on Pont's map. (See also no. 28). May 1983 Pont 1654; Love 1983, 11.

28 Harris 2

NM 334 959

NM 39 NW

Situated on a terrace overlooking the township of Harris (no. 27), and mutilated by the formation of later cultivation ridges, there are the remains of at least eight buildings. One may overlie an earlier building, and the appearance of two of the others suggests that they represent more than one period of construction. *June 1983*

29 Inbhir Ghil

NM 358 926

NM 39 SE

Immediately above the high-water mark at Inbhir Ghil there is a rectangular building measuring 8m by 3.4m within stone wall-footings. What may be the remains of a small pen lie in a natural shelf about 30m to the NE. May 1983

30 Kilmory 1

NG 361 036

NG 30 SE

The township of Kilmory comprises the remains of sixteen buildings and a burial-ground (no. 17) ranged along the W side of Kilmory River; the buildings vary in size from 3.5m by 2.7m to 10.5m by 3.5m within thick drystone walls. Around the township there are extensive traces of rig-and-furrow cultivation. Kilmory is depicted on Pont's map in the 17th century. *May 1983* Pont 1654.

31 Kilmory 2

NG 365 038

NG 30 SE

The remains of a single rectangular building and an enclosure are situated on the E side of Kilmory Glen, 400m ENE of the township of Kilmory (no. 30). The building measures 8.7m by 3.4m within drystone walls 1.2m thick and up to 1m high, and a baffle wall protects the entrance, which is at the mid-point of the W wall; the enclosure has been formed against an unnamed burn and measures 7.7m by 6.8m internally. *May 1983*

32 Kilmory 3

NG 364 032

NG 30 SE

A well-preserved cottage (10.2m by 4.3m internally), its walls standing to their full height, is situated on the E side of Kilmory Glen 530m SE of the burial-ground no. 17. *May 1983*

OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lx.

33 Kilmory 4

NG 364 029

NG 30 SE

There are two rectangular buildings on a rocky terrace on the E side of Kilmory Glen 750m SSE of the burial-ground no. 17. The larger measures 7.7m by 3.5m within a wall 1.2m thick and 1.4m high, and there is a wall-recess in each end-wall; the other measures 4.9m by 2.5m internally. *May 1983*

OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lx.

34 Kilmory Glen 1

NG 361 027

NG 30 SE

A farmstead comprising two rectangular buildings is situated immediately S of a plantation in Kilmory Glen. The best-preserved building measures 9.4m by 3.9m within walls 1.8m high and has window openings to either side of a central doorway in the E wall. *May 1983* OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lx.

35 Kilmory Glen 2

NG 363 023

NG 30 SE

The remains of a farmstead are situated on the W side of Kilmory Glen, 1.1km S of the township of Kilmory (no. 30), and comprise two rectangular buildings on the S side of a rectilinear enclosure. The better-preserved building stands to wall-head height and measures 9.4m by 4m internally; there is a blocked window-opening in the N wall and a partially blocked window-opening in the E wall. The second building measures 5.6m by 2.6m within a wall standing up to 1.2m in height. *May 1983* OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lx.

36 Kilmory Glen 3

NG 362 017

NG 30 SE

The remains of two rectangular buildings are situated immediately E of the track to Kilmory; they measure 8.5m by 4m and 5.2m by 2.6m respectively within stone wall-footings. *May 1983*

37 Kilmory Lodge 1

NG 357 039

NG 30 SE

A group of at least three post-clearance buildings is situated 50m NW of Kilmory Lodge. One remains to wall-head height, but apart from an almost complete chimney-stack the others have been reduced to little more than wall-footings. *May 1983* OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet Ix.

38 Kilmory Lodge 2

NG 355 039

NG 30 SE

Situated 200m NW of Kilmory Lodge there are the remains of four rectangular buildings overlain by later enclosures. The buildings vary in size from 9.5m by 3.6m to 4m ty 2.5m within turf-covered wall-footings. What may be a later building or pen associated with the enclosures overlies a possible fifth building. *May 1983*

39 Laimhrig

NM 418 967

NM 49 NW

The farmstead of Laimhrig is situated on a terrace running parallel to the shore to the S of Bagh na h-Uamha; it comprises two well-preserved buildings which appear to overlie the remains of a third. Of the later buildings, the larger measures 5.7m by 2.9m within a wall 1m thick and 1.3m high, and it has a second compartment (4.2m by 2.2m internally) butted on to its N end; the smaller building measures 3.3m by 2.4m internally. The earlier building measures 6.7m by 2.8m within a wall 1.2m thick and 0.5m high. Adjacent to the buildings there are two enclosures. *May 1983*OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxvii.

40 Monadh Mhiltich

NM 352 997

NM 39 NE

What may be a building is situated on the S bank of the Abhainn Mhiltich, about 800m WNW of Malcolm's Bridge; it measures 7.1m by 3.3m within a wall 1.2m thick. *June 1983* OS 6-inch map, Islands of Rum, Sanday etc. Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lx.

41 Papadil

NM 361 023

IM 39 SE

A farmstead comprising two buildings and a subrectangular platform is situated in an area of rig-and-furrow cultivation 400m WNW of Papadil Lodge. The buildings measure 7.3m by 3.3m and 9.4m by 3.4m internally, and the platform measures 14.9m by 12m. The remains of two more buildings lie on the S side of a stone wall 80m to the SE. *May 1983*

42 Papadil Lodge

NM 365 922

NM 39 SE

Two ruinous rectangular buildings stand 30m NW of Papadil Lodge, both were roofed in 1877. May 1983

OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxix.

43 Port na Caranean

NM 423 987

NM 49 NW

The well-preserved settlement of Port na Caranean comprises the remains of eleven buildings and their associated enclosures. While the majority of the buildings are of post-clearance date those at the E end of the settlement may be earlier. *May 1983* OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

44 Ruadh-mhol

NG 388 036

NG 30 SE

The abandoned settlement of Ruadh-mhol comprises four buildings and three enclosures. Two of the buildings are situated at the head of the storm-beach. The larger measures 7.4m by 3.4m within a wall 1.2m thick and 1.5m high, and has opposed entrances in the sides; the smaller, which measures 4m by 2.4m internally, has an enclosure butted on to its ENE side. The remaining buildings and enclosures occupy a terrace overlooking the beach. One of the buildings has two compartments, the smaller of which (4m by 2.2m internally) has been butted on to the larger (9m by 3.3m internally) each compartment has a recess in the shared wall, which still stands up to 1.5m in height. The last building, which lies about 40m to the NNE, measures 7.7m by 3.5m within a wall 0.8m thick and 1.4m high and has a window in the NNE end. May 1983

OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

45 Samhnan Insir 1

NG 379 043

NG 30 SE

To the E of the former shepherd's cottage at Samhnan Insir there are at least four earlier buildings, all of which are partly buried in sand. The first lies immediately SE of the cottage and measures at least 9m by 2,3m within a wall 1.2m thick. The second, which lies 40m to the E on the W bank of the Allt Shamhnan Insir is a more substantial structure (at least 11.3m by 4.6m internally) with a mortared fireplace and chimney in its SSW end. The other two, which measure 8m by 3.4m and 7.5m by 3.4m internally, are situated on the E bank of the Allt Shamhnan Insir. Samhnan Insir is probably one of the 'little hamlets' noted by Pennant in 1772 and appears on the maps of Langlands and Thomson. *May 1983*

Pennant 1774, 278; Langlands 1801; Thomson 1824; OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

46 Samhnan Insir 2

NG 378 041

NG 30 SE

A well-preserved rectangular building and what are probably two earlier buildings are situated on the E side of the Allt Shamhnan Insir 200m S of the former shepherd's cottage at Samhnan Insir. The larger of the earlier buildings measures 7m by 2.4m within a wall 1.4m thick, while the smaller measures 6m by 2.2m within a wall 1.1m thick. The latter may have been used as an outbuilding to the later building, which measures 7.9m by 3.6m within a wall 0.9m thick and 1.5m high; it has a central entrance and two windows in the W wall and a fireplace in the N end. *May 1983* OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

47 Tigh Bhràlie

NG 418 016

NG 40 SW

The settlement of Tigh Bhràlie comprises three buildings and two pens. The best-preserved building (7.8m by 3.3m internally) stands to wall-head height and has two window-openings (one blocked, the other partly blocked) in its E wall, one on each side of a central doorway. A subrectangular building (4.2m by 2m internally) stands immediately adjacent to it, and 90m to the S there are the remains of the third building (6.4m by 2.8m internally). May 1983

OS 6-inch map, Island of Rum, Argyllshire, 1st ed. (1879), sheet lxi.

SHIELINGS AND RELATED STRUCTURES

48 Airigh na Maith-innse

NM 303 992

NM 39 NW

A group of at least eleven huts is situated at the junction of the Allt Airigh na Maith-innse and the Allt Camas na h'Atha. The huts vary in shape from subrectangular to oval, and there are three two-compartment huts, the smaller compartment opening off the larger. The subrectangular huts are the best-preserved structures on the site and one probably overlies a two-compartment hut. June 1983

49 Allt Airigh na Maith-innse

NM 313 997

NM 39 NW

A group of three huts and a small enclosure are situated in a saddle at the head of a tributary of the Allt Airigh na Maith-innse; a fourth hut is situated about 130m to the NW(NM 312 998). *June 1983*

50 Allt an Sgoir Mhóir

NM 378 913

NM 39 SE

A well-preserved rectangular hut and a small pen are situated at the foot of a high rock outcrop about 60m NE of the Allt an Sgòir Mhóir where it drops down to the edge of the coastal cliffs. The hut measures 3.9m by 1.6m internally and there is a recess in its E wall. *May 1983*Love 1981, 62.

51 Allt Loch Sgaorishal

NG 348 040

NG 30 SW

Overlooking the sea-cliffs 170m NE of the outflow of the Allt Loch Sgaorishal there are the remains of what may be a two-compartment hut. The larger compartment, which is subrectangular on plan, measures 4.4m by 2.1m internally and the smaller measures 2.2m by 1.7m internally; a lintel-stone remains in place over the connecting passage. The remains of a further small structure lie 50m to the ENE. *May 1983*

52 Allt na Glaic Mòine

NG 376 029

NG 30 SE

At the mouth of a stream gully, known as the Ghost Hollow, there are two shieling huts, one on each side of the Allt na Glaic Moine. Both have two compartments linked by a creep. May 1983

53 Ard Nev

NM 348 978

NM 39 NW

There are two huts on the N side of a stream which flows down a gully on the SE side of the saddle between Ard Nev and Ard Mheall. Among scree debris on the terrace to the NW there is a third hut. *June 1983*

54 Creag na h-Iolaire

NG 409 024

NG 40 SW

At the back of a terrace on Creag na h-Iolaire there is a single hut comprising two compartments, the inner of which retains its corbelled roof. May 1983

55 Glen Dibidil

NM 391 935

NM 39 SE

This well-preserved shieling site is situated on the E side of the Dibidil River about 750m

NNW of Dibidil bothy. There are ten huts, four of them sited on two shieling mounds.

The huts vary in shape from subrectangular to oval, and two have two compartments,
the smaller opening off the larger. One of the shieling mounds measures 12m in diameter
by 1.4m in height; the other is oval measuring 15m by 12m and 1.2m in height. About
250m to the ESE there is a rectangular enclosure measuring 12.8m by 3m within its wall;

56 Glen Guirdil 1 NG 323 004 NG 30 SW

The remains of four huts are situated at the junction of the Guirdil River and an unnamed burn 1km SSE of Guirdil Bay. May 1983

there is an entrance in each end. May 1983

- 57 Glen Guirdil 2 NG 329 002 NG 30 SW
 A roughly square hut (2.6m by 2.3m internally) is situated on the N bank of an unnamed burn on the SW flank of Fionchra. What is probably another structure is situated 10m to the WNW, and there is a later twinning-pen immediately to the E. June 1983
- 58 Glen Guirdil 3 NM 328 995 NM 39 NW

 A roughly circular hut is situated about 150m NW of an unnamed loch in the corrie at the head of Glen Guirdil. What may be a second lies 30m to the E. June 1983
- 59 Glen Guirdil, Bealach a'Bhraigh Bhig

 The remains of nine stone structures, some of which may be huts and others pens, are situated on the N side of the track to Bloodstone Hill, 500m W of Bealach a'Bhraigh Bhig.

 At least one further possible hut is situated about 120m to the NNE. May 1983
- 60 Glen Guirdil, Bealach an Dubh-bhraigh NM 321 997 NM 39 NW

 The remains of two stone walls converge upon a ruinous stone cell about 2m in diameter.

 May 1983
- 61 Glen Guirdil, Sron an t-Saighdeir 1 NM 323 995 NM 39 NW
 The remains of six huts and two pens are situated to the S on the track to Bloodstone
 Hill. May 1983
- 62 Glen Guirdil, Sron an t-Saighdeir 2 NM 322 995 NM 39 NW About 80m WSW of hut-group no. 61 the remains of two huts abut a stone dyke.

 May 1983
- 63 Glen Guirdil, Sròn an t-Saighdeir 3 NM 322 995 NM 39 NW
 About 100m NE of no. 64 there is another small structure attached to a length of wall.

 May 1983
- 64 Glen Guirdil, Sròn an t-Saighdeir 4 NM 321 994 NM 39 NW At the foot of the screes on the N flank of Sròn an t-Saighdeir there is a length of wall with two small structures; both are apparently integral to the wall, but neither has an entrance. May 1983
- 65 Glen Harris 1 NM 360 958 NM 39 NE
 At the base of a rock bluff there are a subrectangular hut, an oval hut, and what may be a pen. May 1983
- 66 Glen Harris 2 NM 356 958 NM 39 NE Two pens, one of which has two cells attached. *May 1983*
- 67 Glen Harris 3

 NM 353 958

 NM 39 NE

 This unusual enclosure, probably a shieling or bothy, is situated on a knoll immediately E of an unnamed stream. It is oval, measuring 4.7m by 3.6m within a wall 1.6m thick and 0.7m high, with the entrance probably on the E. Two cupboard-like chambers with lintelled roofs have been built against the inner face of the wall, and other upright stones suggest that there may originally have been more. May 1983

68 Glen Harris 4

NM 352 959

NM 39 NE

At the NW end of a field-wall which cuts off a promontory at the confluence of the Abhainn Rangail and an unnamed stream, there is a single hut or cell. May 1983

69 Glen Harris 5

NM 349 961

NM 39 NW

On gently sloping ground there are two huts. The larger sits on a shieling mound and has been disturbed by the insertion of a pen; the other has two roughly circular compartments.

70 Glen Harris 6

NM 348 960

NM 39 NW

There are shieling groups on either side of a field-dyke linking the Allt Lag Sleitir and the Abhainn Rangail. The N group comprises three huts with attached cells, and two detached cells; the S group contains one rectangular hut with the entrance at the junction of the long and short side, an oval hut, a subrectangular hut with opposed entrances, and an unusual rectangular hut (5.4m by 1.6m internally) with opposed entrances. May 1983

71 Glen Harris, Abhainn Sgathaig

NM 360 972

NM-39 NE

What may be the remains of a roughly circular hut 2m in diameter are situated about 30m E of the outflow of an unnamed lochan. June 1983

72 Glen Harris, Allt Lag Sleitir 1

NM 346 959

NM 39 NW

What is probably an oval hut is situated on the E bank of the Allt Lag Sleitir about 340m above its junction with the Abhainn Rangail. June 1983

73 Glen Harris, Allt Lag Sleitir 2

NM 348 963

On the E bank of the Allt Lag Sleitir there is a hut with two cells attached. May 1983

74 Glen Harris, Ath nan Daoine 1

NM 363 968

NM 39 NE

At Ath nan Daoine there are the remains of three oval or subrectangular huts and a small oval structure. The huts vary in internal size from 3m by 1.7m to 1.8m by 1.4m, and the structure measures 1m across. June 1983

75 Glen Harris, Ath nan Daoine 2

NM 364 970

NM 39 NE

The remains of a crudely built drystone wall (16m long), with a subrectangular cell (1.4m by 1.2m internally) adjoining its upper side, span a rocky gully 300m NNE of the huts at Ath nan Daoine (no. 74). June 1983

76 Glen Harris, Barkeval 1

NM 374 967

NM 39 NE

On the slopes of Barkeval, 430m S of the summit, there are the remains of three huts. The best-preserved hut is oval and measures 2.7m by 1.6m within a wall standing 1m high. June 1983 Love 1981, 57.

77 Glen Harris, Barkeval 2

NM 374 966

NM 39 NE

Situated 60m S of hut-group no. 76 there are the remains of three huts, two of which stand upon shieling mounds which measure 10m by 7.6m and 7m by 6.3m respectively. June 1983

78 Glen Harris, Barkeval 3

NM 375 966

Situated 100m SE of hut-group no. 76 there are the remains of two huts. One is subrectangular and measures 2.8m by 2m within a wall 1m high; the other is oval, measures 3.8m by 2.6m internally and has a small cell opening off the main chamber. June 1983

79 Glen Harris, Clach Mhor, Mhic-illean

NM 362 964

NM 39 NE

On open ground at the mouth of the Atlantic Corrie there are two oval huts, two subrectangular huts (one with opposed doorways), and a two-compartment pen. May 1983

80 Glen Shellesder 1

NG 331 023

NG 30 SW

The remains of two huts, which may be of turf construction, are situated below the summit of a natural knoll. The larger hut is of two compartments and measures 7.2m by 5.3m over all; the smaller measures 4.4m by 3.8m over all. On the crest of the ridge 50mto the SSE a subrectangular hut occupies a shieling mound measuring 10.5m by 8m. May 1983

81 Glen Shellesder 2 NG 333 019 NG 30 SW
On a terrace overlooking the N bank of an unnamed tributary of the Glen Shellesder
Burn there are two shieling huts: one comprises an enclosure with an attached cell; the other has two compartments. May 1983

- 82 Glen Shellesder 3 NG 338 019 NG 30 SW

 In a hollow on the N side of Glen Shellesder about 100m NW of the large shieling group no. 83, there are three huts; one is subrectangular and the other two have two compartments, the smaller leading off the larger. A group of at least three other huts is situated on a terrace higher up the slope about 80m to the NW. May 1983
- 83 Glen Shellesder 4 NG 339 017 NG 30 SW
 At least fifteen shieling huts are situated at heights of between 130m and 80m OD on the N side of Glen Shellesder, about 1.2km inland. The huts vary in shape between oval and subrectangular, and some have two compartments. May 1983
- 84 Glen Shellesder 5 NG 342 013 NG 30 SW
 On a slight rise immediately N of the Shellesder Burn there is a single subrectangular hut measuring 5m over all. May 1983
- 85 Glen Shellesder 6 NG 344 016 NG 30 SW
 Between two streams and immediately N of the Glen Shellesder track, there is a single rectangular hut (3.7m by 2m internally) with a later pen at one end. *May 1983*
- 86 Glen Shellesder 7 NG 346 012 NG 30 SW
 On level ground immediately N of the Shellesder Burn there is a shieling group comprising a hut and attached cell, an oval hut which may lie on an earlier structure, and two small cells. May 1983
- 87 Glen Shellesder, Maternity Hollow NG 347 005 NG 39 SW
 A group of three huts (one of two compartments) and three other structures (probably pens) is situated adjacent to an unnamed burn on the SE side of Maternity Hollow.

 June 1983
- 88 Guirdil, Fionchra 1 NG 334 009 NG 30 SW
 At the rear of a terrace on the NE slopes of Fionchra there is a single hut. May 1983
- 89 Guirdil, Fionchra 2 NG 335 010 NG 30 SW
 On a broad terrace on the N flank of Fionchra there are two huts: one is oval (2.9m by 1.6m internally); the other is of two compartments (7m by 6.5m over all). June 1983
- 90 Guirdil, Fionchra 3 NG 331 010 NG 30 SW

 There are three huts at the foot of the scree in Coire na Loigh at the NW end of Fionchra.

 June 1983
- 91 Guirdil, Fionchra 4 NG 328 011 NG 30 SW
 On the NW flank of Fionchra, at a height of 136m OD, there are two single huts and a pair of huts. *May 1983*
- 92 Harris 1 NM 333 959 NM 39 NW
 An oval hut stands within an irregular enclosure on the hillside 370m WNW of Harris
 Lodge. *June 1983*
- 93 Harris 2 NM 339 965 NM 39 NW
 Two huts are situated, about 15m apart, on the rocky spur that overlooks the track leading down to Harris, about 900m NNE of Harris Lodge. One is little more than an arc of boulders at the foot of a rock outcrop, but the other has two compartments, the larger measuring about 2.2m by 1.8m internally. June 1983

94 Harris 3

NM 341 962

NM 39 NW

On a terrace below the track that leads down to Harris, about 700m NE of Harris Lodge, there is a small enclosure (about 3.5m across internally) with a hut (1.8m across internally) opening off its N side. *June 1983*

95 Harris 4

NM 343 958

NM 39 NW

Close to the E bank of an unnamed stream there is a two-compartment hut. To the NE, on the opposite side of the stream, there is what may be the ruins of a single cell.

May 1983

96 Harris 5

NM 342 955

VM 39 NV

Situated on the bare surface of the raised beach, and around its fringes, to the NE of cairn no. 3(1), there are a number of circular stone-banked enclosures, possibly huts, built of beach pebbles. One group comprises three abutting enclosures which measure from 4m to 2m in diameter within a wall 1m thick. May 1983

97 Harris 6

NM 344 952

NM 39 NW

To the SW of a recent field-wall which runs NNW-SSE from the Abhainn Rangail there are eight huts, an enclosure built against a crag, and several mounds of stones. Some of the huts appear to have been built of stones robbed from the field-wall. *May 1983*

98 Harris 7

NM 344 950

NM 39 NW

This oval enclosure measures 7.7m by 6.8m over all and is surmounted by two lambingpens. On the E the enclosure appears to overlie an earlier structure. *May 1983*

99 Harris 8

NM 343 950

NM 39 NW

Abutting a rock outcrop there is what is probably a pen and a stack-base. At the centre of the stack-base there is an upright stone 0.35m high. *May 1983*

100 Harris 9

NM 342 950

NM 39 NW 7

Situated on the raised beach between the Abhainn Rangail and the Abhainn Fiachanis there is a group of structures comprising: a rectangular stone-walled pen, the NE end of which lies over an oval enclosure 5.7m by 6.8m within a wall 1.5m thick (like no. 186, this enclosure has been described as a hut-circle, but is probably of more recent date); about 10m to the N, a two-period hut; some 20m to the SSE, a hut; and a circular pen or hut 5m to the E. *May 1983*

101 Harris 10

NM 341 949

NM 39 SW

On a rocky promontory there is a group of structures comprising: a circular pen or hut with a short stretch of field-wall; a rectangular enclosure; and a stretch of walling, probably of relatively recent date, which cuts across the neck of the promontory and extends for a short way along each flank. *May 1983*

102 Harris 11

NM 344 948

NM 39 SW

Along the course of a wall linking the Abhainn Fiachanis and an unnamed stream to the S there are three huts, the largest of which comprises three cells. A short distance to the E there is another hut. *May 1983*

103 Harris, An Dornabac 1

NM 357 974

NM 39 NE

There is a single hut or cell along the line of a wall which flanks the N side of the valley of the Allt Loch an Dornabac. May 1983

104 Harris, An Dornabac 2

NM 358 972

NM 39 NE

In a sheltered hollow 50m NE of Allt Loch an Dornabac there are a subrectangular hut with opposed doorways, a circular hut, and a two-compartment hut or pen with an attached cell. *May 1983*

105 Harris, An Dornabac 3

NM 353 971

NM 39 NE

On the W flank of An Dornabac there is a single, well-preserved oval hut, measuring 2.6m by 2.1m internally, with a door-lintel in position. May 1983

106 Harris, An Dornabac 4

NM 352 966

NM 39 NE

In a coll between two subsidiary peaks of An Dornabac there are nine shieling huts (ranging from small circular cells to oval huts with attached cells) and two rock-shelters. Several of the huts are multi-period. *May 1983*

107 Harris, An Dornabac 5

NM 351 971

NM 39 NE

Situated on a knoll W of An Dornabac, there are two oval huts, each with two compartments; one has opposed doorways. May 1983

108 Harris, An Dornabac 6

NM 350 972

NM 39 NE

There is a group of seven huts and two pens or huts with attached cells on a knoll W of An Dornabac. The huts range from single circular cells to subrectangular buildings, one of which has opposed doorways. *May 1983*

109 Harris, Ard Mheall 1

NM 343 968

NM 39 NW

The remains of two huts, each of two compartments, are situated on the S flank of Ard Mheall, N of Hugh's Brae; one of the huts appears to overlie an earlier structure. June 1983

110 Harris, Ard Mheall 2

NM 344 971

NM 39 NW

A two-compartment hut is situated on the SSE flank of Ard Mheall. June 1983

111 Harris, Ard Mheall 3

NM 348 974

NM 39 NW

On the E flank of Ard Mheall, immediately W of the road to Harris, there are the remains of a single hut or pen. *June 1983*

112 Harris, Glen Duian 1

NM 337 964

NM 39 NW

The remains of a single hut are situated on the E side of Glen Duian River 500m N of the township of Harris (no. 27), and a second hut lies on the W side of the river 100m to the WSW (NM 336 964). Both huts appear to be overlain by later cultivation remains. *June 1983*

113 Harris, Glen Duian 2

NM 336 966

NM 39 NW

On the E side of Glen Duian River, 700m NNW of the township of Harris (no. 27), there are the remains of two huts. *June 1983*

114 Harris, Glen Duian 3

NM 335 967

M 39 NW

The remains of two huts are situated on the E bank of Glen Duian River 800m NNW of the township of Harris (no. 27); a third hut lies on the W bank of the river. *June 1983*

115 Harris, Glen Duian 4

NM 335 973

MM 39 NW

The remains of six huts are situated at the junction of Glen Duian River and an unnamed burn, 1.4km NNW of the township of Harris (no. 27). *June 1983*

116 Harris, Glen Duian 5

NM 336 975

IM 30 NIW

On the E side of Glen Duian River 200m NNE of hut-group no. 155, there are the remains of five huts and what may have been a pen. The pen and one of the huts have been constructed upon shieling mounds. *June 1983*

117 Harris, Glen Duian 6

NM 335 976

NM 39 NW

The remains of two huts and two small structures, possibly pens or storage chambers, are situated on the W side of Glen Duian 300m NNE of hut-group no. 115. June 1983

118 Harris, Glen Duian 7

NM 334 985

NM 39 NW

At the foot of a scree-slope, 500m SSE of the summit of Orval, there are the remains of an oval enclosure (2.8m by 2.1m internally) adjoined by two rectangular enclosures (the best-preserved measuring 3.1m by 1.8m internally). Adjacent to the enclosures are the remains of what may be a rectangular hut (1.7m by 1.3m internally). June 1983

119 Harris, Gualann na Pairce

NM 334 967

NM 39 NW

At least eight huts are situated on the E flank of Gualann na Pairce about 150m ENE of Loch Monica. Some of the huts have been built into the scree but the remainder, including one of two compartments, are situated on the slopes immediately below. *June 1983*

120 Harris, Gualann na Pairce 2

NM 331 968

NM 39 NV

There is a two-compartment hut constructed amongst boulders on the NW side of a knoll 150m N of Loch Monica. The remains of at least three structures, probably huts, are visible in a tumbled mass of stones on the E side of the same knoll. *June 1983*

121 Harris, Gualann na Pairce 3

NM 331 967

NM 39 NW

Two huts are situated in a gully 130m NW of Loch Monica; one is oval (3.3m by 2.1m internally) with a wall-recess in its E end, the other is of two compartments (the larger 3.6m by 1.8m internally). *June 1983*

122 Harris, Gualann na Pairce 4

NM 332 965

NM 39 NW

On a natural shelf to the SE of Loch Monica there is a group of seven huts, one of which retains a roofed cell. *June 1983*Love 1981, 61.

123 Harris, Gualann na Pairce 5

NM 333 964

NM 39 NW

The remains of a possible hut are situated at the foot of a scree-slope 270m E of the summit of Gualann na Pairce. *June 1983*

124 Harris, Gualann na Pairce 6

NM 331 963

NM 39 NW

The remains of two possible huts are situated on Gualann na Pairce, 100m SE of the summit. *June 1983*

125 Harris, Gualann na Pairce 7

NM 330 963

NM 39 NW

There is a single hut in the gully that separates the summit of Gualann na Pairce from the subsidiary summit to the SW. *June 1983*

126 Harris, Hugh's Brae 1

NM 345 965

NM 39 NW

On the E side of the road to Harris at Hugh's Brae there is a well-preserved group of nine huts, including subrectangular and oval, single- and double-compartment types. Five of the huts are built upon shieling mounds. *June 1983*

127 Harris, Hugh's Brae 2

NM 344 965

NM 39 NW

On the gently sloping ground to the W of Hugh's Brae there is a group of at least four huts, two of which overlie a mound about 0.8m high. The mound is oval, measuring 11.3m by 10m, and has an external kerb of low boulders; there are traces of other lines of stone-work within the body of the mound, which may have resulted from successive occupation on the site of an oval enclosure with a wall 1.7m thick. About 150m to the NW (NM 342 966) there is a small mound, probably the remains of a hut, measuring 5.7m by 5.3m over a kerb of low boulders, and, 100m to the NNE, an oval hut measuring 5.5m by 3.6m within its wall. June 1983

Love 1981, 43.

128 Harris, Hugh's Brae 3

NM 344 962

NM 39 NW

A group of three huts is situated to the SW of Hugh's Brae about 80m below the track that leads down to Harris. The largest is considerably mounded, measuring about 9m in diameter over all and 4m by 3m internally. *June 1983*

129 Harris, Ruinsival

NM 350 944

NM 39 SE

At least five huts, two with small ancillary structures, are situated among outcrops and large boulders to the SW of an unnamed lochan on the NW flank of Ruinsival. *May 1983*

130 Inbhir Ghil 1

NM 358 928

NM 39 NE

Two huts are situated at the foot of a cliff on the hillside overlooking Inbhir Ghil; one is of two compartments, each with a separate entrance. In a hollow to the WSW there are two other structures, one of which is built at the base of a massive boulder. *May 1983*

131 Inbhir Ghil 2

NM 359 927

IM 39 SE

On the E bank of the Allt na Ghile, where it drops down to Inbhir Ghil, there are at least one hut and a pen. The pen (4.4m by 3.2m internally) has a small oval structure built on to its NW end; the hut, which is situated upslope from the pen, comprises two roughly circular compartments, one opening off the other. *May 1983*

132 Inbhir Ghil 3

NM 355 926

IM 39 SE

An oval hut is situated at the foot of the coastal escarpment 350m W of Inbhir Ghil. About 60m NW there are two small settings of boulders, one of which is probably a kelp-kiln. *May* 1983

133 Inbhir Ghil, Ruinsival 1

NM 354 929

NM 39 SE

A group of at least five huts is situated on the W side of an unnamed burn where it runs through a sheltered hollow at the head of the coastal escarpment on the S flank of Ruinsival. The huts vary in shape from oval to subrectangular. *May 1983*

134 Inbhir Ghil, Ruinsival 2

NM 349 930

NM 39 SW

Situated among scree and large boulders in a hollow above the coastal cliffs on the SW flank of Ruinsival, there is a group of at least three huts and an enclosure, What is probably another hut is situated on the cliff-edge about 100m to the SW (NM 348 930). May 1983

135 Inbhir Ghil, Ruinsival 3

NM 347 932

MS 95 MI

A group of three huts is situated at the foot of a rock outcrop on the S side of an unnamed burn on the SW flank of Ruinsival. *May 1983*

136 Kilmory 1

NG 355 032

NG 30 SE

On the W side of an unnamed burn, about 700m SW of the township of Kilmory (no. 30), there is a well-preserved rectangular hut (4.7m by 2.5m internally) attached to which there is an oval cell (2m by 1.3m internally). Immediately adjacent to it there is a small oval structure, and 15m to the NNW there is a possible subrectangular hut. *May 1983*

137 Kilmory 2

NG 355 032

NG 30 SE

On a natural terrace 50m NNW of hut-group no. 136 there are the remains of at least three huts and a number of other small structures. May 1983

138 Kilmory Glen 1

NG 365 034

NG 30 SE

The remains of at least one oval hut are situated 450m ESE of the township of Kilmory (no. 30). May 1983

139 Kilmory Glen 2

NG 366 036

NG 30 SE

The remains of a roughly oval hut are situated 500m E of the township of Kilmory (no. 30). May 1983

140 Kilmory Glen 3

NG 367 027

NG 30 SE

A two-compartment hut is situated on a sloping shelf on the E side of Kilmory Glen; the smaller compartment which opens off the larger, is a corbelled chamber lacking only the uppermost slabs of its roof, and there is a second corbelled chamber, also lacking its uppermost slabs, immediately to the NW. Other possible huts occur on the same shelf about 60m to the ESE (NG 368 027), on the shelf below 30m to the W, and in a narrow gully 120m to the NW (NG 366 028). *May 1983*

141 Kilmory Glen 4

NG 370 026

NG 30 SE

Three huts disposed along a wall are situated at the foot of a rock outcrop about 270m ESE from the huts no. 140. May 1983

142 Kilmory Glen 5

NG 361 026

NG 30 SE

On the W side of Kilmory Glen, 100m S of the farmstead no. 34, there are the remains of a possible hut; on the natural shelf below, a small pen has been built against a low crag. *May 1983*

143 Kilmory Glen 6 NG 360 025 NG 30 SE
The remains of four huts are situated on the W side of Kilmory Glen, 230m S of the farmstead no. 34. *May 1983*

144 Kilmory Glen 7 NG 361 024 NG 30 SE
A two-compartment hut is situated on the W side of Kilmory Glen, 300m S of the
farmstead no. 34. May 1983
Love 1981, 59.

145 Kilmory Glen 8 NG 361 023 NG 30 SE
A group of four huts is situated on the W side of Kilmory Glen, 400m S of the farmstead no. 34. May 1983

146 Kilmory Glen 9 NG 368 018 NG 30 SE

An oval hut and two possible huts are situated in a hollow on the E side of Kilmory Glen.

What may be another hut lies on a terrace higher up the slope about 110m to the SSE.

May 1983

147 Kilmory Glen 10 NG 362 007 NG 30 SE
A single hut is situated on a terrace on the W side of Kilmory Glen immediately within the S fence of a small forestry plantation. *May 1983*

148 Kilmory Glen, Allt Loch an Tairbh NG 374 014 NG 30 SE In a sheltered hollow below a waterfall there are two huts and two circular enclosures or cells. The W hut is grass-grown and measures 6.5m by 4.5m over all; the E hut has two compartments (2.3m and 1.2m in diameter respectively) linked by a creep. May 1983

149 Kilmory Glen, Minishal 1 NG 355 003 NG 30 SE

A cluster of five huts, one of two compartments, is situated at the foot of the scree on the E face of Minishal. A small enclosure lies at the foot of the scree 80m to the NE, and a probable pen has been constructed in a cleft between two rock outcrops 60m to the ESE. June 1983

Love 1981, 60.

150 Kilmory Glen, Minishal 2 NG 359 006 NG 30 SE

A well-preserved hut, measuring 2.5m by 2m internally, is situated on a terrace at the foot of a rock outcrop on the E flank of Minishal; the entrance is 0.7m broad and retains stone lintels about 1m above the level of the floor. There is a small oval structure on the crest of the outcrop above. June 1983

151 Kilmory Glen, Salisbury's Dam 1 NM 364 997 NM 39 NE
On the banks of Kilmory River, S of Salisbury's Dam, there are the remains of at least seven huts of single- and double-compartment type, one of which stands on a shieling mound. A further two huts, one occupying a shieling mound, are situated to the NNW, on a low spur overlooking the dam (NM 363 998). June 1983

152 Kilmory Glen, Salisbury's Dam 2 NG 366 000 NG 30 SE Immediately NW of where the artificial cut that runs NE from Salisbury's Dam joins the Kinloch River, there is a rectangular building measuring 5.2m by 2.7m internally, the entrance is in the E wall and there are traces of a second compartment at the N end. June 1983

153 Kinloch Glen

An extensive group of huts has been recorded on the S flank of Meall a'Ghoirtein overlooking Kinloch, but the area has been afforested and only twelve were located at the date of visit. One of the huts (NM 407 004) still retains its corbelled roof; it measures 2.1m by 1.7m internally and the roof stands 1.5m above the floor. Immediately to the E there are traces of a second hut, and about 50m to the W a third; in a gully 70m to the SE there is a cluster of three huts; 130m to the SSW (NG 406 003) four huts; and individual huts occur 220m and 290m to the W (NG 404 004). June 1983

DES (1967), 28-9; Love 1981, 58.

154 Kinloch Glen 2

NG 395 004

NG 30 SE

This group of huts is situated on the NW bank of the Primrose Burn about 350m NE of its junction with the Kinloch River. There are two two-compartment huts, and two slightly larger enclosures or pens, each of which has a hut attached to one side. *June 1983*

155 Kinloch Glen 3

NG 397 007

NG 30 SE

Two huts, one of which has two compartments, are situated 50m NW of the Primrose Burn and 280m SSW of Loch Mitchell. *June 1983*

156 Kinloch Glen 4

NG 393 006

NG 30 SE

About 280m NW of the group of huts no. 154 there are two huts which lie on the line of an irregular wall. A third possible hut is situated about 90m to the W (NG 392 006). *June 1983*

157 Kinloch Glen 5

NG 384 005

NG 30 SE 3

One of the largest and most impressive groups of shielings on Rhum extends for about 300m along a terrace which runs NE from the track to Kinloch. The huts and pens are arranged in a series of clusters, and many show signs of rebuilding, probably indicating use over a considerable period. There are at least fourteen huts (ranging in shape from circular and oval to subrectangular) and twelve pens, some of which have attached cells. Many of the huts are in a good state of preservation with corbelled walls standing to a height of 1.1m, and in one case (NG 386 006) the entire corbelled and lintelled roof is intact; aumbries are also visible in some of the huts. Middens containing limpet-, razor-, and mussel-shells were noted in the rocks NW of the shielings on the date of visit. *May 1983*

158 Kinloch Glen 6

NG 386 005

NG 30 SE

There are two subrectangular shieling huts, one on each side of the deer-fence, about 250m NE of its junction with the track to Kinloch. The N hut measures 2.9m by 1.9m within a wall 0.8m thick and 0.6m high, and the door is on the N; three possible pens lie to the W. The S hut is 3m by 2.1m within a wall 0.7m thick and 0.8m high; the door is on the N. May 1983

159 Kinloch Glen 7

NG 385 005

NG 30 SE

Below the crest of the terrace on which the shielings no. 157 are situated, there is a single oval hut measuring 2.6m by 1.5m internally. May 1983

160 Kinloch Glen 8

NG 374 005

NG 30 SE

This group of shielings is situated in a sheltered hollow immediately above the confluence of two streams. It comprises, from N to S, a small hut 2.3m by 1.1m within its wall, a well-preserved hut 2.3m by 1.9m within a wall 0.6m high with an aumbry, a pen and attached cell, and a circular hut 2.7m in diameter internally. *May 1983*

161 Kinloch Glen, Airigh Thalabairt

NG 379 006

NG 30 SE

Where the Allt Airigh Thalabairt enters the Kinloch Glen there are four shieling huts. The grass-grown remains of two lie immediately E of the stream. The third is about 50m to the W, and consists of an oval hut (2.5m by 2m internally) which sits on the ruins of a larger structure measuring 5.4m over all; to the S there is a small group of lazy-beds. The fourth hut is situated about 60m E of the stream and immediately S of the path to Kinloch; it has two compartments (2.9m by 2.3m and 2.4m in diameter respectively) and is accompanied by a smaller cell a short distance to the W. May 1983

162 Kinloch, Rubha nam Feannag

NG 418 000

NG 40 SW

The remains of at least five huts are situated on the shore at Rubha nam Feannag, immediately E of a plantation. *May 1983*

163 Loch a'Ghille Reamhra

NM 343 996

NM 39 NW

An oval hut situated on the N bank of an unnamed burn about 80m W of Loch a'Ghille Reamhra. *May 1983*

164 Malcolm's Bridge 1

NM 362 990

NM 39 NE

A subrectangular hut (2.9m by 1.7m internally) lies at the foot of low crags 400m SE of Malcolm's Bridge; at least two further small structures have been built against the base of the crags. *June 1983*

165 Malcolm's Bridge 2

NM 361 991

NM 39 NE

The remains of a subrectangular hut (3.4m by 1.9m internally) are situated 350m SE of Malcolm's Bridge; an enclosure (5m by 2.9m internally) has been constructed at the base of an outcrop adjacent to the hut. *June 1983*

166 Malcolm's Bridge 3

NM 358 997

NM 39 NE

Two huts and a pen are situated at the foot of an E-facing rock outcrop 380m NNW of Malcolm's Bridge. One is subrectangular, measuring 2.7m by 1.9m internally, and has a wall-recess in its SE side; the other is of two compartments, the smaller (1.9m by 1.5m internally) opening off the larger (3.6m by 2.3m internally). June 1983

167 Malcolm's Bridge 4

NM 354 983

NM 39 NE

A group of four oval or subrectangular huts is situated 180m E of the road to Harris. The best-preserved measure 3.4m by 1.7m and 1.8m by 1.7m respectively within drystone walls standing up to 0.7m in height; of the remaining huts one, to which a small enclosure is attached, has been reduced to little more than its stone wall-footings, and the other now appears as a grass-covered stony mound 6m across and 0.7m high. *June 1983*

168 Malcolm's Bridge 5

NM 356 984

NM 39 NE

The remains of a circular hut (1.9m in internal diameter) lie 300m E of the road to Harris; two further huts have been built against rock outcrops 35m to the N and SE respectively. *June 1983*

169 Malcolm's Bridge, Monadh Mhiltich 1

NM 355 997

VIVI 30 VIE

There are two possible huts adjacent to a rectangular pen on the S side of the Abhainn Monadh Mhiltich, about 550m WNW of Malcolm's Bridge. Another hut is situated on the opposite side of the burn about 30m to the W (NM 354 997). *June 1983*

170 Malcolm's Bridge, Monadh Mhiltich 2

NM 348 998

NM 39 NW

What are probably the remains of a small hut are situated on the S side of an unnamed burn adjacent to the Guirdil to Malcolm's Bridge path, about 400m ENE of Loch a'Ghille Reamhra. *June 1983*

171 Monadh Dubh 1

NG 345 034

NG 30 SW

The remains of two huts and two small pens, one built inside a hut, are situated by an unnamed burn. May 1983

172 Monadh Dubh 2

NG 341 033

NG 30 SW

A two-compartment hut, overlain by a twinning-pen, is situated on the SW side of an unnamed burn. $May\ 1983$

173 Papadil

NM 367 918

NM 39 SE

There are two huts, each of two compartments situated in a gully which drops down to the Allt nan Meirleach 300m SE of Papadil Loch. *June 1983*

174 Priomh-loch Beag

NM 369 983

NM 39 NE

On the NE side of a small burn, 150m SSE of Priomh-loch Beag, there are the remains of four oval or subrectangular huts and two small subrectangular structures. The best-preserved hut (2.8m by 2m within drystone walls up to 1m high) has an aumbry in each of its long walls, and the structure adjacent to it (1.4m across internally) retains a lintel-stone over its entrance. June 1983

175 Rubha Mol Rudha

NG 390 032

NG 30 SE

On the E bank of an unnamed stream there is one, and possibly a second, hut. A level area on the W bank of the stream is covered by lazy-beds. *May 1983*

176 Samhnan Insir

NG 382 042

NG 30 SE

Situated on a terrace half-way up the cliff about 400m ESE of the shepherd's cottage at Samhnan Insir, there is a group of abutting pens or huts. *May 1983*

177 Schooner Point

NM 307 982

NM 39 NW

There is a hut at the foot of the coastal escarpment at Schooner Point. What may be a second is situated about 120m WSW (NM 306 981).

178 Sgorr Mór

NM 377 911

IM 39 SE

A well-preserved group of huts and ancillary structures is situated at the foot of a rock outcrop which runs ENE from the lochan immediately NE of Sgorr Mor. There are at least six huts; two of them comprise two compartments, and the remainder are oval. One of the huts incorporates a rock overhang and is still roofed; the interior of the hut measures 2.3m by 1.1m and the corbelled roof rises to a maximum height of 1.2m above the floor. *May 1983*

179 Sgorr Reidh

NM 312 983 to 312 981

NM 39 NW 6

A wall follows an irregular course for a distance of about 300m along the cliff-edge at Sgorr Reidh. Along the wall, usually at corners, there are at least eight structures, the largest measuring about 2.6m by 2.2m within a corbelled wall up to 1.7m high. Only one has an entrance, and most of their floors have been sunk below the surrounding ground level. *May 1983*

DES (1967), 27; Miller 1967, 212; Love 1981, 53, 58.

180 Spectacle Lochan

NM 313 991

NM 39 NW

A group of at least ten oval huts is situated in a gully running SW from the S tip of Spectacle Lochan. The largest hut is about 6m in internal length, and two have attached cells. In the scree to the E of the lochan there are at least three more huts. May 1983

181 Sron an t-Saighdeir

NM 309 986 to 314 991

NM 39 NW 5

There are about seventeen structures disposed along a wall which runs for a distance of at least 750m from the coastal cliffs on the SW to the screes overlooking the Spectacle Lochan on the NW flank of Sròn an t-Saighdeir. Some of the structures with entrances and internal wall-recesses are probably huts, but the purpose of the others is unknown. At two points walls drop down the hillside, while traces of two others are visible on the slopes below. At the SW end of the main wall there is a group of free-standing huts, and on the cliff-edge about 250m to the W (NM 306 986) there is a single two-compartment hut. *May 1983*Love 1981, 51.

182 Stac nam Faoileann

NM 408 934

NM 49 SW

Four huts, one of which has two compartments, are situated in a hollow above the coastal cliffs 300m NNE of Stac nam Faoileann. May 1983

DEER-TRAPS

183 Ard Nev/Orval

NM 39 NW

There are two lengths of what are probably deer-dykes at the head of Glen Duian. One (NM 339 990 to 340 990) is situated about 100m S of the crest of the saddle between Orval and Ard Nev; the other rises gradually up the W flank of Ard Nev towards the saddle, where it ends abruptly (NM 342 986 to 341 989). The latter is 1.5m thick and in places still stands to a height of 1.5m. Neither dyke presents an obstacle on the uphill side, and they were probably designed to funnel deer driven out of Glen Duian into the saddle. On the NE side of the saddle there are traces of low walls amongst the scree debris; the best-preserved (NM 341 992) form a funnel dropping down the slope and terminating at two small cell-like structures without entrances. *May 1983* Love 1980.

184 Orval

NM 329 986

NM 39 NW

What may be the remains of a deer-trap are situated at the foot of a scree-slope, 550m SW of the summit of Orval. It comprises a roughly oval enclosure (7.8m by 6m within a drystone wall up to 2.6m thick and 2m high) from which a more slightly built oblong enclosure (6.8m by 5.3m internally) runs upslope. A funnel-shaped area leading into the enclosures has been cleared from the screes above. *June 1983* Love 1980.

MISCELLANEOUS

185 Bagh na h-Uamha

NM c. 416 975

NM 49 NW 1

In the 1940s what was described as a Norse cist was found to the NW of the township no. 18. The exact nature of the discovery and its location are unknown. Love 1983, 5, 6.

186 Harris

NM 344 950

NM 39 NW 7

This roughly circular enclosure, previously identified as a hut-circle, measures about 6m in diameter within a stony wall 2m thick. The entrance probably lies on the NE. *May 1983*

187 Kilmory

NG 366 044

NG 30 SE

What may be the wasted remains of a subrectangular building (10m by 6m over all) are buried in sand on the neck of a coastal promontory about 800m NE of the township of Kilmory (no. 30). *May 1983*

188 Papadil

NM 363 919

NM 39 SE

A sheep fank at the S tip of Loch Papadil appears to overlie the remains of an earlier structure represented by the stone footings of a curving wall at least 7.5m long and 0.8m thick. A possible rectangular building lies immediately to the W. *May 1983*

189 Salisbury's Dam

NM 364 999

NM 39 NE

This massive structure was built in the late 1840s to divert the headwaters of the Kilmory River through a rock-cut lade into the Kinloch River, but was breached at the NW end a few days after the reservoir was filled. The curving dam is formed by two battered drystone walls enclosing an earth core and measures 10.5m in thickness at the base by about 5.8m in height. Its original length was about 60m of which 45m survive. The lade (NM 364 999 to NG 367 000) measures about 300m in length and includes a rock-cut section up to 7m wide and 4m deep. The footings of a rectangular building (9.2m by 3m internally) are situated on the S side of the lade 190m ENE of the dam. June 1983

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